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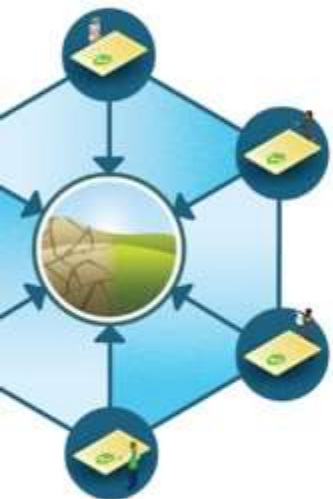


United Nations
Convention to Combat
Desertification



Technical Guide on the Integration of the VGGT into the Implementation of the UNCCD and Land Degradation Neutrality

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The technical guide

► Scope

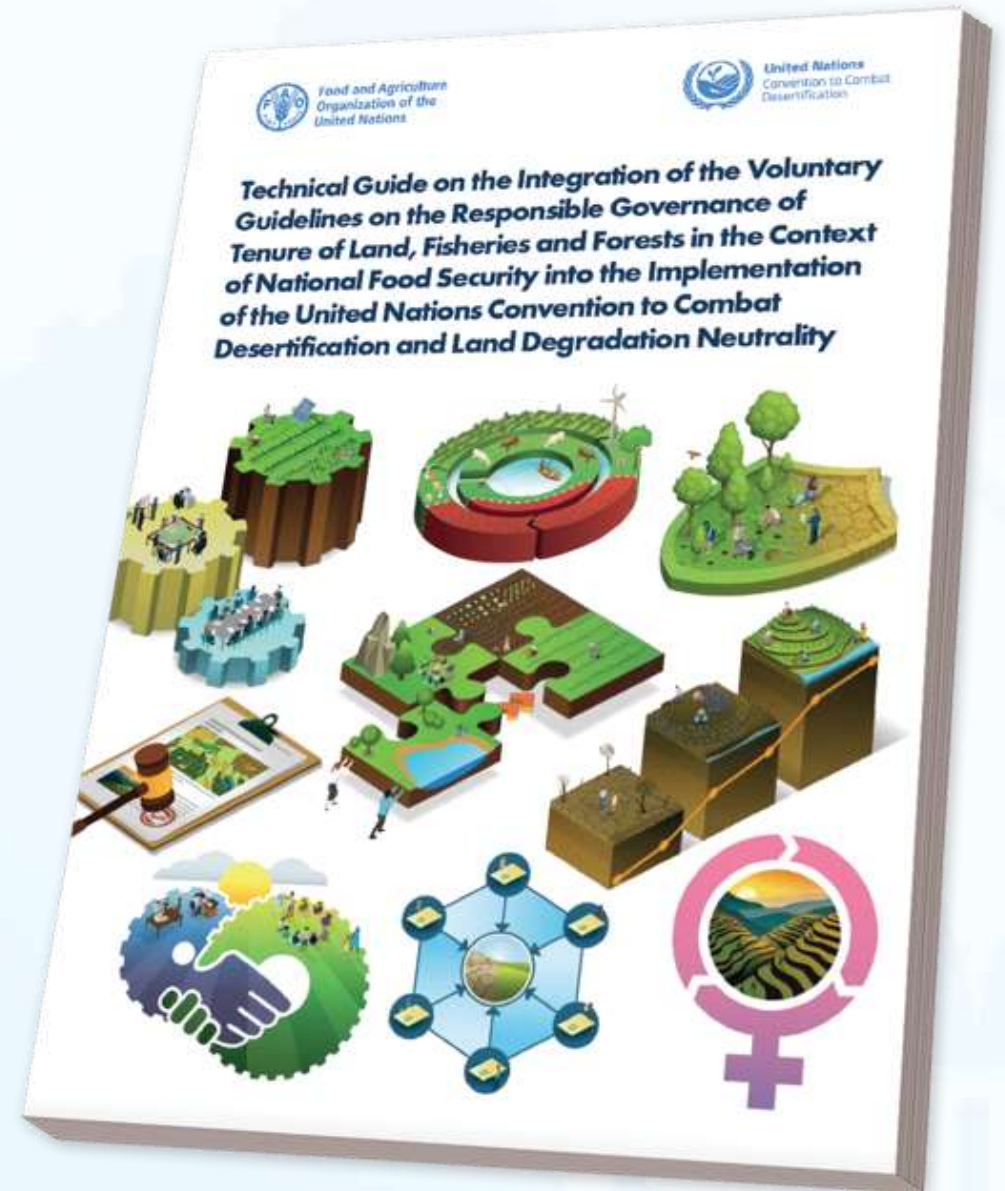
- Practical, answering the “how”
- Building on existing VGGT technical guides
- Actions at national and local levels

► Audience

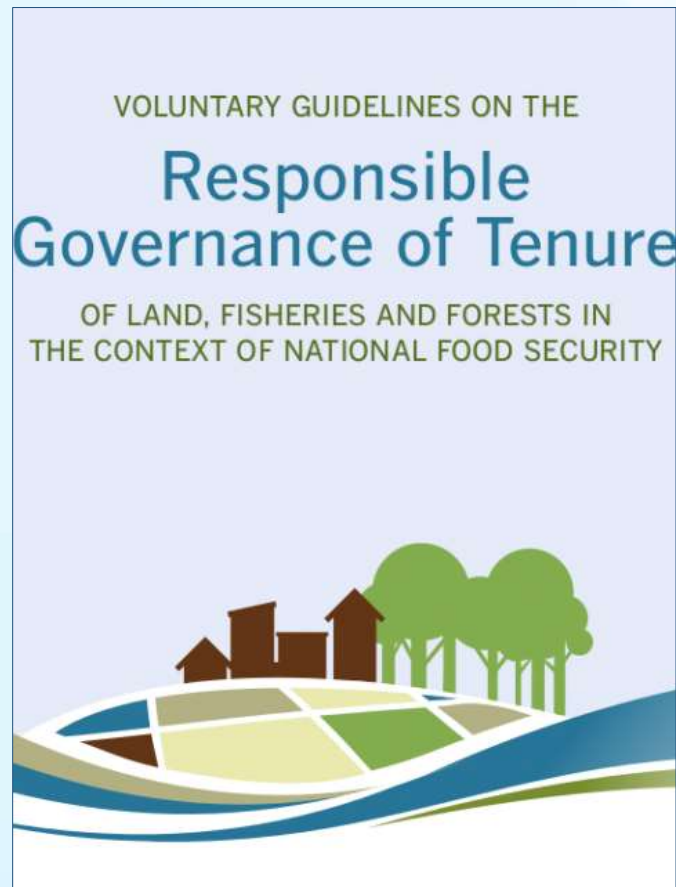
- Policy and decision makers
- Land administrators and potential beneficiaries

► Key considerations

- Legitimate tenure rights
- Consultation and participation
- Gender-responsive approach



VGGT - A brief overview



- ▶ Endorsed by the Committee on World Food Security (CFS) in May 2012
- ▶ Encourages states to recognize, respect and protect all legitimate tenure right holders and their rights, including indigenous and customary tenure
- ▶ Have a human-rights based approach
- ▶ The first global soft law instrument on tenure
- ▶ Consensus on “internationally accepted practices” that already exist
- ▶ Negotiated by governments, civil society and private sector representatives
- ▶ A reference for improving the governance of tenure

Universal Pathways



Pathway 1:
Enhancing policy and
legal frameworks



Pathway 3:
Securing women's tenure
rights and access to land
and natural resources



Pathway 2:
Establishing targeted
policy coordination
mechanisms



Pathway 4:
Setting up accessible and
transparent grievance and
dispute resolution
mechanisms

Context-specific Pathways



Pathway 5:
Designing and implementing tenure-responsive and participatory integrated land use planning



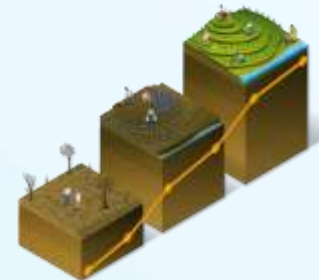
Pathway 6:
Supporting LDN through land administration tools



Pathway 7:
Recognizing and documenting legitimate tenure rights on public lands



Pathway 8:
Recognizing and documenting tenure rights for the sustainable management of commons



Pathway 9:
Allocating and strengthening rights and duties on private land

VGGT PRINCIPLES AS THE OVERARCHING GUIDING TOOL

PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT OF THE PHYSICAL AND SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT IN THE CONTEXT OF THE LDN INITIATIVE

Land tenure assessment
(Understanding the legitimate tenure rights)

Gender assessment
(Understanding the gender roles, norms and inequalities)

Biophysical assessment
(Understanding the direct and indirect drivers of land degradation)

IDENTIFICATION AND IMPLEMENTATION OF PATHWAYS TO IMPROVE GOVERNANCE OF TENURE

TENURE SYSTEMS

Public land Commons Private land

Universal pathways
(are applicable to all LDN initiatives)



Pathway 1: Enhancing policy and legal framework



Pathway 2: Establishing targeted coordination mechanisms



Pathway 3: Securing women's tenure rights and access to land and natural resources



Pathway 4: Setting up accessible and transparent grievance and dispute resolution mechanisms

Context-specific pathways
(can be applied based on the land tenure assessment based on their relevance for specific LDN initiative)



Pathway 5: Designing and implementing tenure-responsive, participatory land use planning



Pathway 6: Supporting LDN through land administration tools



Pathway 7: Recognizing and documenting legitimate tenure rights on public lands



Pathway 8: Recognizing and documenting tenure rights for the sustainable management of commons

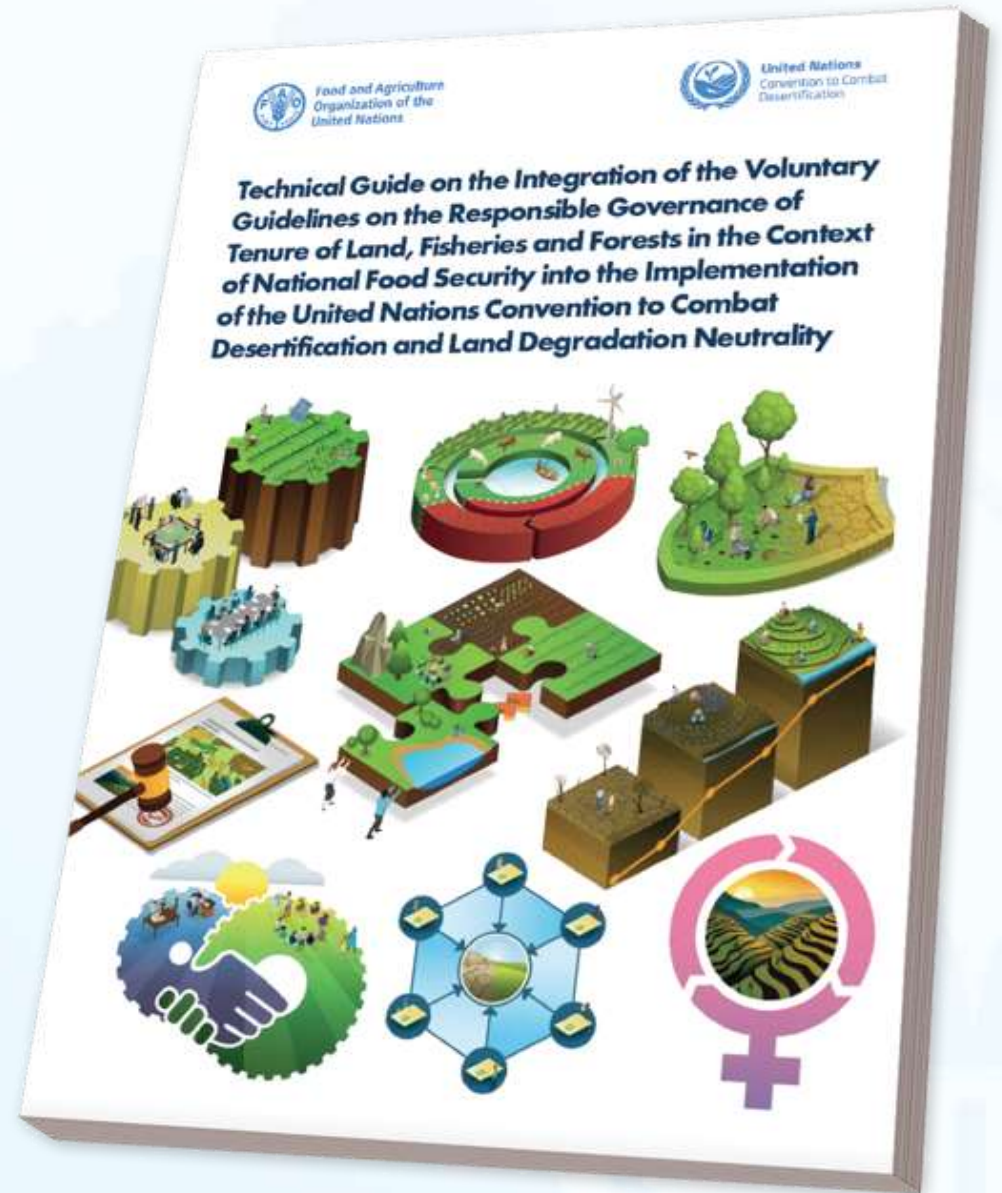


Pathway 9: Allocating and strengthening rights and duties on private land

► The multi-pathway approach for the integration of governance of tenure to achieve LDN

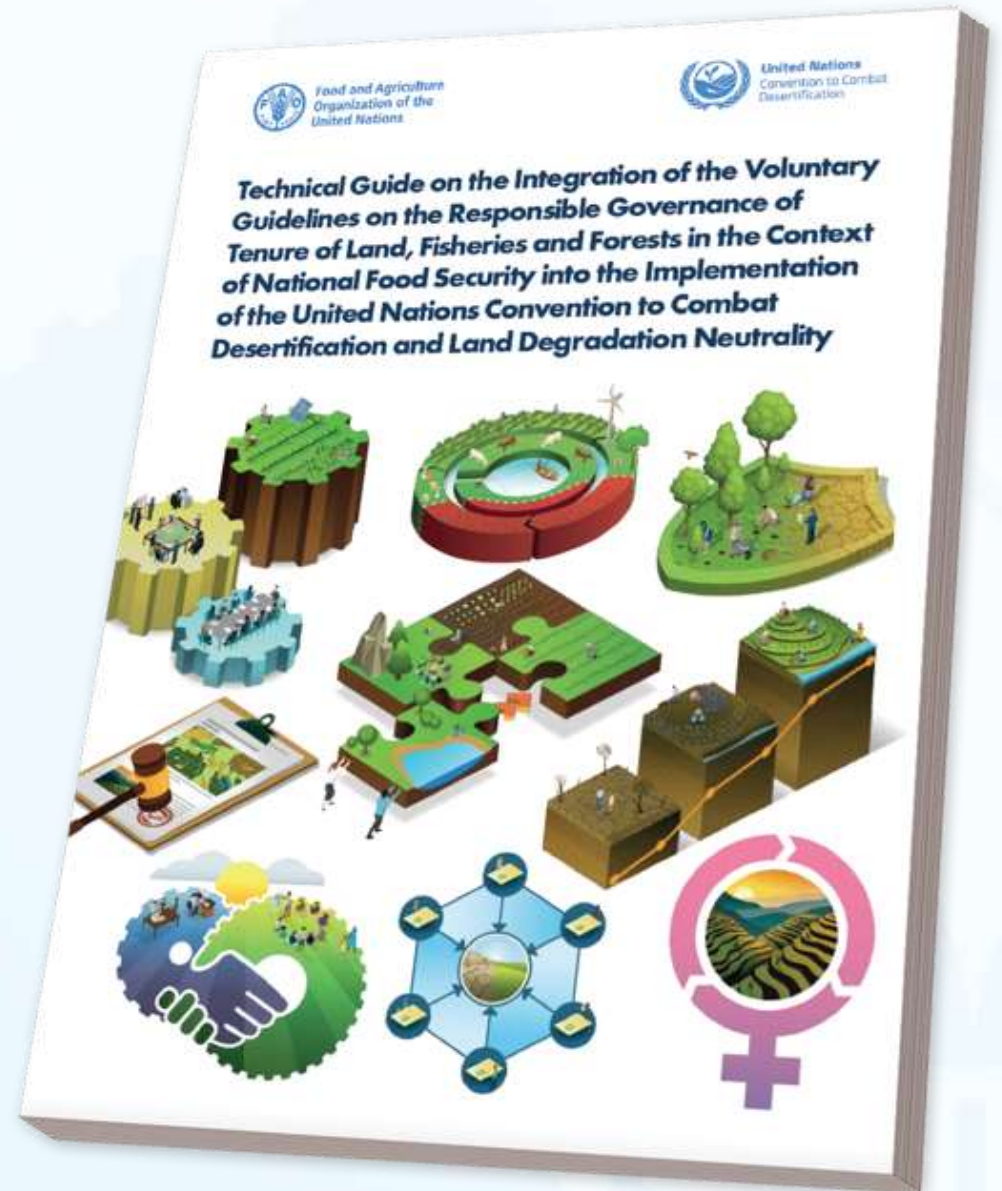
Key Messages from the Technical Guide

- ▶ Secure tenure increases the positive impact of LDN initiatives for people and the planet
- ▶ Addressing tenure in LDN initiatives begins with the assessment of the local needs and conditions
- ▶ Meaningful and inclusive consultation and participation of all stakeholders is essential to ensure that legitimate tenure rights are not overlooked in LDN initiatives



Key Messages from the Technical Guide

- ▶ Gender-responsive approaches address underlying inequalities in control and access to land resources and are needed for realizing transformative change
- ▶ Awareness-raising and the sharing of lessons learned on responsible land governance enhances dialogue, partnerships and mutual learning
- ▶ Data and indicators on land governance are currently limited in scope but essential for tracking progress and identifying gaps





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Thank you

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