



AGH UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE  
AND TECHNOLOGY

## GML – A Real Standard?

**Izabela Śliż, Piotr Cichociński**

Faculty of Mining Surveying and Environmental Engineering  
Department of Geomatics

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## Geography Markup Language (GML)

- The standard for coding, spreading and collecting geographical information
- ISO standard (ISO 19136:2007)
- The implementation of XML (eXtensible Markup Language)



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## Used software and data

- Software:
  - ArcGIS
  - OpenJUMP
  - Quantum GIS
- Data:
  - Polish Topographical Database (TBD)
  - several dozen files, each containing information about one thematic layer
  - publicly accessible schema files



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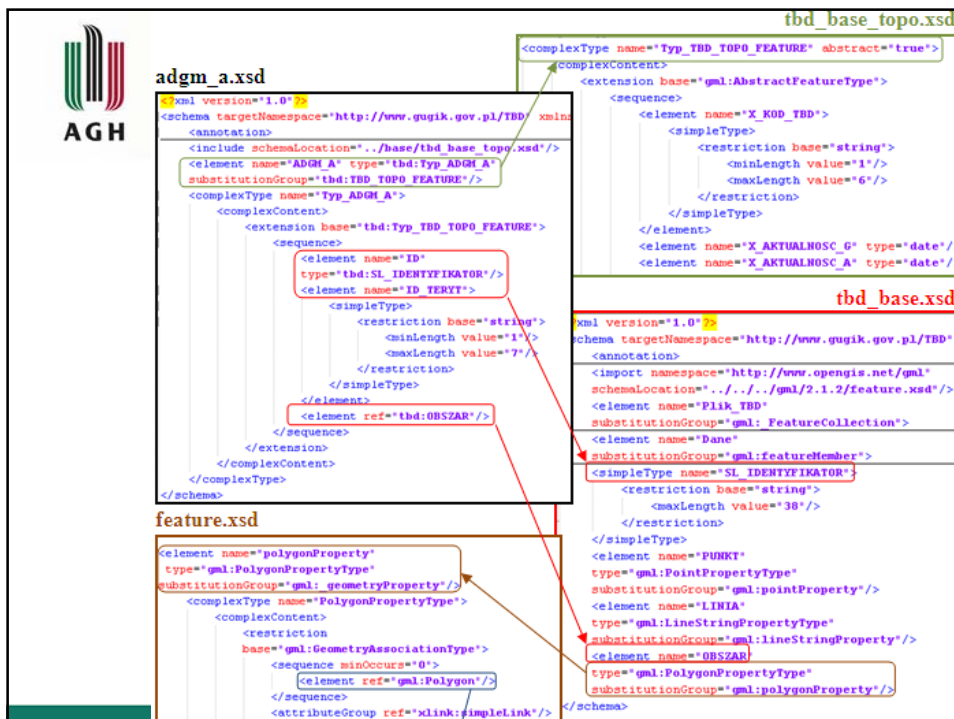
## GML example

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<Plik_TBD xmlns="http://www.gugik.gov.pl/TBD"
  xmlns:gml="http://www.opengis.net/gml"
  xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.gugik.gov.pl/TBD TBDGML_ver1_34.xsd">
  <Metadane>
  <Dane>
    <ADGH_A>
      <X_KOD_TBD>ADPA01</X_KOD_TBD>
      <X_AKTUALNOSC_G>2006-02-28</X_AKTUALNOSC_G>
      <X_AKTUALNOSC_A>2006-02-28</X_AKTUALNOSC_A>
      <X_KAT_DOKL_GEOM>2</X_KAT_DOKL_GEOM>
      <X_ZRODLO_DANYCH_G>PRG</X_ZRODLO_DANYCH_G>
      <X_ZRODLO_DANYCH_A>PRG</X_ZRODLO_DANYCH_A>
      <X_KAT_ISTNIENIA>1</X_KAT_ISTNIENIA>
      <X_RODZAJ_REPR_GEOM>ZU</X_RODZAJ_REPR_GEOM>
      <X_DATA_UTWORZENIA>2006-11-21</X_DATA_UTWORZENIA>
      <X_DATA_MODYFIKACJI>2006-03-07</X_DATA_MODYFIKACJI>
      <ID>1</ID>
      <ID_TERYT>3064011</ID_TERYT>
      <NAZWA>M. Poznan</NAZWA>
      <ID_POWIATU>3064</ID_POWIATU>
      <OBSZAR>
        <gml:Polygon>
          <gml:outerBoundaryIs>
            <gml:LinearRing>
              <gml:coord>
                <gml:X>364025.18</gml:X>
                <gml:Y>507520.82</gml:Y>
              </gml:coord>
              ...
              <gml:coord>
                <gml:X>375466.77</gml:X>
                <gml:Y>508450.76</gml:Y>
              </gml:coord>
            </gml:LinearRing>
          </gml:outerBoundaryIs>
        </gml:Polygon>
      </OBSZAR>
    </ADGH_A>
  </Dane>
</Plik_TBD>
```



## Schema

- A model of information structure description
- Describes allowed positions of tags and text in structurally correct document
- What can occur in a given context is defined by a rule
- Two types of rules:
  - content model rules describe the order of element occurrences
  - data type rules describe valid data units
- GML is a schema





### feature.xsd

```
<element name="polygonProperty"
  type="gml:PolygonPropertyType"
  substitutionGroup="gml:GeometryProperty"/>
<complexType name="PolygonPropertyType">
  <restriction
    base="gml:GeometryAssociationType">
    <sequence minOccurs="0">
      <element ref="gml:Polygon"/>
    </sequence>
    <attributeGroup ref="xlink:simpleLink"/>
    <attribute ref="gml:remoteSchema"
      use="optional"/>
  </restriction>
</complexType>
```

```
</restriction>
</simpleType>
<element name="PUNKT"
  type="gml:PointPropertyType"
  substitutionGroup="gml:pointProperty"/>
<element name="LINIA"
  type="gml:LineStringPropertyType"
  substitutionGroup="gml:lineStringProperty"/>
<element name="BBSZAR"
  type="gml:PolygonPropertyType"
  substitutionGroup="gml:polygonProperty"/>
</schema>
```

### geometry.xsd

```
<element name="Polygon" type="gml:PolygonType"
  substitutionGroup="gml:Geometry"/>
<complexType name="PolygonType">
  <extension base="gml:AbstractGeometryType">
    <sequence>
      <element ref="gml:outerBoundaryIs"/>
      <element ref="gml:innerBoundaryIs"
        minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    </sequence>
  </extension>
</complexType>
<element name="outerBoundaryIs"
  type="gml:LinearRingMemberType"/>
<element name="innerBoundaryIs"
  type="gml:LinearRingMemberType"/>
<complexType name="LinearRingMemberType">
  <restriction base="gml:GeometryAssociationType">
    <sequence minOccurs="0">
      <element ref="gml:LinearRing"/>
    </sequence>
    <attributeGroup
      ref="gml:AssociationAttributeGroup"/>
  </restriction>
</complexType>
```

```
<element name="LinearRing" type="gml:LinearRingType"
  substitutionGroup="gml:Geometry"/>
<complexType name="LinearRingType">
  <extension base="gml:AbstractGeometryType">
    <sequence>
      <choice>
        <element ref="gml:coord"
          minOccurs="4" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
        <element ref="gml:coordinates"/>
      </choice>
    </sequence>
  </extension>
</complexType>
<element name="coord" type="gml:CoordType"/>
<complexType name="CoordType">
  <sequence>
    <element name="X" type="decimal"/>
    <element name="Y" type="decimal" minOccurs="0"/>
    <element name="Z" type="decimal" minOccurs="0"/>
  </sequence>
</complexType>
<element name="coordinates" type="gml:CoordinatesType"/>
<complexType name="CoordinatesType">
  <simpleContent>
    <extension base="string">
      <attribute name="decimal"
        type="string" use="optional" default="."/ />
      <attribute name="cs"
        type="string" use="optional" default="," />
      <attribute name="ts"
        type="string" use="optional" default="68x20:" />
    </extension>
  </simpleContent>
</complexType>
```



## Software - ArcGIS

- Data Interoperability extension
  - allows to convert files from one format to another
  - also allows to choose suitable schema files



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## Software - OpenJUMP

- Template file instead of schema file
  - deep knowledge of the data recorded in GML file is required to create it



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## OpenJUMP's template

```
<Dane>
  <ADGM_A>
    <X_KOD_TBD>ADPA01</X_KOD_TBD>
    <X_AKTUALNOSC_G>2006-02-28</X_AKTUALNOSC_G>
    <X_AKTUALNOSC_A>2006-02-28</X_AKTUALNOSC_A>
    <X_KAT_DOKL_GEOM>2</X_KAT_DOKL_GEOM>
    <X_ZRODLO_DANYCH_G>PRG</X_ZRODLO_DANYCH_G>
    <X_ZRODLO_DANYCH_A>PRG</X_ZRODLO_DANYCH_A>
    <X_KAT_ISTNIENIA>1</X_KAT_ISTNIENIA>
    <X_RODZAJ_REPR_GEOM>ZU</X_RODZAJ_REPR_GEOM>
    <X_DATA_UTWORZENIA>2006-11-21</X_DATA_UTWORZENIA>
    <X_DATA_MODYFIKACJI>2006-03-07</X_DATA_MODYFIKACJI>
    <ID>1</ID>
    <ID_TERYT>3064011</ID_TERYT>
    <NAZWA>M. Poznan</NAZWA>
    <ID_POWIATU>3064</ID_POWIATU>
    <OBSZAR>
      <gml:Polygon>
        <gml:outerBoundaryIs>
          <gml:LinearRing>
            <gml:coord>
              <gml:X>364025.18</gml:X>
              <gml:Y>507520.82</gml:Y>
            </gml:coord>
            ...
          </gml:LinearRing>
        </gml:outerBoundaryIs>
      </gml:Polygon>
    </OBSZAR>
  </ADGM_A>
</Dane>
```

```
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>
<JCSGMLInputTemplate>
  <CollectionElement>Dane</CollectionElement>
  <FeatureElement>ADGM_A</FeatureElement>
  <ColumnDefinitions>
    <column>
      <name>X_KOD_TBD</name>
      <type>STRING</type>
      <valueElement elementName="X_KOD_TBD"/>
      <valueLocation position="body"/>
    </column>
    <column>
      <name>X_AKTUALNOSC_G</name>
      <type>DATE</type>
      <valueElement elementName="X_AKTUALNOSC_G"/>
      <valueLocation position="body"/>
    </column>
    ...
  </ColumnDefinitions>
  <GeometryElement>OBSZAR</GeometryElement>
</JCSGMLInputTemplate>
```



## Software – Quantum GIS

- Uses the OGR Simple Features Library to import GML files
  - it makes no effort to read the schema file
  - instead it attempts to “guess” GML file structure
- TBD file “is not a valid or recognized data source”



## Other GML files

- AAA-NAS (Germany)
- Ordnance Survey MasterMap (Great Britain)
- TOP10NL (Netherlands)
  
- ArcGIS +
- Quantum GIS +/-



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## .gfs file

```
<GMLFeatureClassList>
  <GMLFeatureClass>
    <Name>AX_Fahrwegachse</Name>
    <ElementPath>AX_Fahrwegachse</ElementPath>
    <DatasetSpecificInfo>
      <FeatureCount>1350</FeatureCount>
    </DatasetSpecificInfo>
    <PropertyDefn>
      <Name>breiteDesVerkehrsweges</Name>
      <ElementPath>breiteDesVerkehrsweges</ElementPath>
      <Type>Integer</Type>
    </PropertyDefn>
    <PropertyDefn>
      <Name>funktion</Name>
      <ElementPath>funktion</ElementPath>
      <Type>Integer</Type>
    </PropertyDefn>
    <PropertyDefn>
      <Name>hatDirektUnten</Name>
      <ElementPath>hatDirektUnten</ElementPath>
      <Type>Untyped</Type>
    </PropertyDefn>
  </GMLFeatureClass>
</GMLFeatureClassList>
```



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## Conclusion

- Although GML formally exists for several years it never gained the appropriate place among GIS users
- More and more programs advertise themselves as being able to read GML files, but only some of them allow to simultaneously specify the file to read and its corresponding schema
- Other approaches (simplified schema, attempt to guess the file structure) can also give positive results but they require user to have knowledge of at least basics of GML
- We should wish ourselves creation of freely accessible application allowing loading of GML files along with schemas